



## League is the Only Hope for Europe

"The only hope for stricken Europe," declares Dr. R. H. Crossfield, president of Transylvania University, "is the League of Nations."

Doctor Crossfield has just spent three months traveling in Europe and now is in Louisville attending the eighty-eighth annual convention of the Kentucky Christian churches.

Conditions everywhere in Europe, he says, are terrible. Revolutions in England are to be expected as the result of the conflict between labor and capital and of the dissatisfaction over the manner in which the Irish question is being handled. In Austria food simply cannot be obtained. In Germany it is to be had in limited quantities, but at a high price, a meal there now costing eighty marks.

Switzerland and Belgium are in a trifle better condition than other European countries, according to Doctor Crossfield. In Switzerland this is due to the fact that the country was geographically so situated that it could trade with both belligerents during the war. Belgium has pushed the work of rehabilitation with such vigor that today food, coal and manufactured articles are to be obtained almost as under normal conditions.

## C. P. Pierce Injured

C. P. Pierce, contractor, while working at the Catholic church on Tuesday, fell from the third step of a stepladder, his side and face striking the floor, rendering him unconscious for a short period.

Mr. Pierce is suffering with his back, but the attending physician thinks there is no cause for alarm, and that he will soon recover. He weighs about 250 pounds, and for this reason his bruises are the more severe and painful.

## CAMPAIGN EXPENSES

The National Democratic Campaign committee has made public its report. The receipts and disbursements today are as follows: Amount of cash received, \$200,000, and amount paid out, a like amount. We may hear from the Republican campaign committee so soon as all claims are in and they have been added. It may require quite a bit of time to do this, for it is said they have a large sum to handle.

## U. S. LABOR CHIEF TO BE IN LOUISVILLE SATURDAY

U. S. Labor chief, William B. Wilson is booked to speak in the interest of the Democratic campaign on the coming Saturday, when the laboring men of our great metropolis will have an opportunity to hear Mr. Wilson in his reasons for supporting the Democratic nominees and why all labor should be for the nominees of his party.

## Republican Committee Meets in This City

The Ninth district Republican committee met in this city at Republican headquarters in the Tyler-Apperson building yesterday. There was a good attendance, practically all of the nineteen counties, comprising the district, being represented.

The meeting was presided over by the Hon. T. A. Field, of Ashland, with the district secretary, Ben W. Hall at his post. Wallace Gudgell, of Owingsville, Republican candidate for Circuit Judge, and W. G. Blair, of Frenchburg, candidate for Congress, were both present and addressed the meeting. Reports from the various counties were heard and much important business was transacted.

It was decided at the meeting of yesterday to open district headquarters in this city.

## MISS HENRY ELECTED

Miss Frances Henry, of this city, has been elected to a position in the city school, taking the place of Miss Vivian Alfrey as teacher of the third grade. Miss Alfrey has been promoted to the high school, where she will teach mathematics, succeeding Miss Lexie Leigh Johnston, who resigned. Miss Henry is a graduate of the city schools and was a student at Hamilton College last year. She is a capable and intelligent young woman and will be a valuable member of the faculty.

## MISSIONARY SOCIETY

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Spencer church and a few friends met in Mr. J. T. Coons' apple orchard on his farm and peeled and cut twenty bushels of apples to dry for the Christian church Widows and Orphans' Home at Louisville. Mr. Coons donated the apples.

## CONVENTION HELD

The Christian churches of the state met in convention in Louisville this week and will continue until tomorrow. Rev. B. W. Trimble, Mrs. Nan Hall and Miss Sally Clay, of this city, are in attendance.

## LOST

Eastman Kodak Sunday on road between Camargo and Jeffersonville. Return to Clyde Turley. pd.

Lovers of racing from all parts of this country and Canada will be at Lexington Monday, October 4th, the opening day of Kentucky's Great Trots. All the hotel space has been reserved and every private box at the Trots has been sold.

One reason a woman looks cool on a hot day is because when she gets home she has to hang her corset out to dry.

What has become of the old-fashioned woman who wore the mother Hubbard and the congress gaiters?

## Himself a Farmer Cox Aids Farmers

As a practical farmer whose childhood and young manhood were passed on the farm where he was born, James M. Cox, Democratic nominee for the presidency, realizes the needs and problems of the farmer at first hand. He knows the compensations, material and otherwise, of a farmer's life.

As Governor of Ohio, Mr. Cox has been an originator of legislation in the interests of the agricultural industry. This is told in the Democratic Campaign Textbook, just issued from national headquarters, Grand Central Palace, New York City. One of his first acts as governor was to order a survey of roads in the state. The era of road building in Ohio began with this survey, which resulted in the mapping out of a complete network of 10,000 miles of inter-county roads to tie together the 88 county seats of the state. Of this, 3,000 miles, connecting the larger cities, were designated as main market roads. The latter are to be constructed entirely at state expense, while the remainder are to be built, half at the expense of the state and half at the expense of the county in which the road lies. The program calls for an expenditure of \$30,000,000 annually, including federal aid.

Another achievement of the Cox administration which was of vital concern to agriculture was the enactment of the school code. This legislation was designed by the governor to reorganize the rural school system, and by modernizing it, centralizing and consolidating districts, improving educational standards and methods and giving the country boy and girl the educational advantages possessed by pupils in the larger cities, to remove the cause of discontent with life on the farm and in this way save the farm from the movement to the city, which was imperiling its existence.

The roster of agricultural legislation enacted during Cox's three administrations includes the following: A law combining all agricultural activities under jurisdiction of an agricultural commission; provision for study of and establishment of a farm credit plan; protection against sale of untested fertilizer; provision for destruction of and remuneration for diseased cattle; compulsory orchard spraying law, with spraying material under license; establishment of breeding service at institutional farms, and the building up of pure-bred herds throughout the state; passage of a pure-seed bill; establishment of a producer-to-consumer market bill; provision for the proper seed corn when Ohio crop has failed; securing 6,000 tractors in war time to keep up production; enlargement of agricultural aid through the experiment station and State Agricultural College.

How much in sympathy have been the agricultural aims and policies of the Democratic nominee and his party is shown by the record of the Wilson administration.

The roster of national legislation is a long one, filled with measures of a constructive nature. One of the most important was the Federal Farm Loan Act, which lifted old burdens of debt from thousands of families. Under its provision twelve Federal Land Banks and numerous Joint Stock Land Banks are in operation, with the result that interest rates have declined from 25 per cent in some cases to 5-1-2 per cent, with mortgages extending up to 35 years. Another piece of beneficial legislation was the provision in the Federal Reserve Act authorizing national banks to lend money on farm

mortgages and giving the farmer's paper a maturity of six months.

The Federal Aid Road Act of 1916 materialized Federal and State co-operation in building and paying for roadways, the whole program calling for an expenditure of \$600,000,000, of which the Federal Government pays \$209,000,000 and states, counties and municipalities \$391,000,000.

The Co-operative Agricultural Extension Act gave a great impetus to agricultural education by bringing Federal and State governments into close touch for dissemination of information among farmers by personal contact. For this work \$8,680,000 will be annually available by 1922.

Gambling in cotton has been forever ended by the Cotton Futures Act, which regulates marketing, establishes standards of cotton and supervises exchanges.

Through the Grain Standardization Act, the farmer has been enabled to obtain fair prices, and a financial incentive to produce better grades has been afforded.

The Warehouse Act has standardized storage and marketing by providing for licensing of bonded warehouses and making possible the issuance of reliable and easily negotiable warehouse receipts, as well as permitting better storage of farm products.

What tremendous stimulus was lent war-time production by the Government Wheat Guarantee is yet fresh in the minds of Americans. As against a pre-war price of 87 cents, farmers were extended a Government guarantee of \$2.20, and later \$2.26 a bushel for wheat as a war-time measure, this assurance extending to June 1, 1920.

The policy of the administration in agricultural matters is evidenced by the fact that the greater part of all the legislation on the statute books of the United States which has for its purpose the development and aid of agriculture has been enacted within the last seven years.

## ACCEPTS POSITION

Miss Nell Hollearn, who has been connected with the R. E. Punch Co. for some time past, has resigned to accept a position with the Traders National Bank.

## CHILD FALLS FROM WINDOW

Virgil Ensor, little four-year-old grandson of Jailer and Mrs. J. M. Greer, of this city, fell from the upstairs window of his home onto the street. The child suffered a painful injury to his head, but is not thought to be seriously hurt.

## FOR SALE

Privately, 37 Holt avenue. Large eight-room house, two halls, bath, fine cellar. In good repair and is one of the best built houses in the county. For further information apply to Mrs. Sara B. Drake. Phone No. 874. 39-4t

## FARM SOLD

Albert Welch, of this county, sold last Saturday to J. M. Patton, of Magoffin county, his farm of about 100 acres and improvements, near Jeffersonville. The price paid for the property was \$10,000 and possession will be given March 1st.

## WORTH READING

Sugar per 100 pounds, 17c.  
Good ground coffee, 30c pound.  
Home slaughtered meats, closest prices.  
Pennant syrup, \$1.35 per gallon.  
Crisco, the purest and best for frying, shortening and cake making, in cans, 35c, 55c, \$1.10.  
Ashland bread the best.  
Capital Flour at \$7.25 per 100 lbs.  
You get the most for the money at Richardson Bros. & Cornwell  
East Main Street  
Our prices are for the CASH

## Bourbon's Population 18,418, Report Shows

Bourbon county, Kentucky, has a population of 18,418, and Paris has 8,310, according to figures announced today by the Census Bureau. Millersburg is credited with 1,117 in 1920, compared with 799 in 1910 and 862 in 1900.

Shelby county is officially stated by the Census Bureau to have 18,532 persons this year, compared with 18,042 in 1910 and 18,340 in 1900. Shelbyville has 3,760 this year, compared with 3,412 in 1910 and 3,016 in 1900.

## Here to Stay

Hombs and Heibel, the enterprising clothing firm, have leased from Mrs. T. G. Julian the business house they are now occupying for two years with the privilege of five. Messrs. Hombs and Heibel are delighted over their business prospects in Mt. Sterling and are here to stay. Although having been in this city but a few months, they have established a splendid trade and have made for themselves an enviable reputation for fair and square dealing in every sense of the word.

## WHISKEY DESTROYED BY FIRE

Fire of unknown origin at the plant of the Cedar Brook Distillery company at Lawrenceburg yesterday destroyed four warehouses, containing seven thousand barrels of whiskey. The liquor, it was stated, approximated 329,000 gallons and was valued at \$400 per barrel.

The warehouses and contents were the property of the Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse Company, the headquarters of which are in Louisville.

The fire attracted hundreds of people to the scene, many of whom brought jugs, bottles and cans in an attempt to save some of the whiskey.

## Dry Candidate Offers To Withdraw From Race

Aaron S. Watkins, the Prohibition party's candidate, announced yesterday that he would withdraw from the presidential race in favor of either Cox or Harding if either of them will agree to pledge his support to the "dry" program.

## ATTENDING G. A. R. MEETING

James O'Connell and B. F. Wyatt, of this city, are attending the National Encampment Grand Army of the Republic at Indianapolis. Both gentlemen are delegates from the E. L. Dudley Post No. 54 of Lexington.

## U. D. C. Holds State Meet in Cynthiana

The Kentucky division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy met for its twenty-fourth annual session yesterday at the Presbyterian church in Cynthiana, with Mrs. James L. Stuntston, Mayfield, presiding, and delegates and visitors from all parts of the state in attendance.

The session was opened at 10 o'clock with the invocation by the Rev. Felix K. Struve, of the Methodist church. Mrs. S. A. Mickey, at the organ, gave the overture from "Tantalus." Miss Esther Descher, Covington, sang "Just That One Hour." A welcome was extended to the visitors by Mrs. Lammie S. Givens, president of the Jo Desha Chapter, Cynthiana. Mrs. William G. Wigglesworth, president of the Woman's Club, Cynthiana, extended greetings in behalf of the club; Mrs. William G. Talbott, Paris, state president of the Daughters of the American Revolution, in behalf of the D. A. R., and Mrs. Roy McKinney, president general of the U. D. C., in behalf of the General U. D. C. Chapters. Mrs. Robert J. Crume, Bardstons, responded to the welcome.

Reports of the state officers were read and accepted.

The secretary was instructed to send a note of appreciation to Sergeant Russell Rankin, Cynthiana, who is home on furlough from a hospital in St. Louis, for valiant service in the World War.

## Cox's Train Wrecked—Governor Escapes Injury

Governor James M. Cox's campaign train was wrecked yesterday afternoon near Phoenix, Ariz. The governor and his party were seriously shaken up when the engine and four cars of the special train were derailed, but all escaped serious injury. Spreading rails was the cause of the wreck and the track was torn up for a distance of 300 or 400 feet.

## COMING HOME

D. B. Garrison, of Tacoma, Wash., is en route for Mt. Sterling to visit friends and after a joy-stay here for a short period he goes to New York to visit his son, Henry Garrison, who is a business man in that great metropolis.

D. B. Garrison is a classic writer full of pep and is a former editor of the Mt. Sterling Democrat and it was through him the senior editor of the Advocate received his first training in journalism.

The time has come when the plain common people need a friend.

## ATTENTION!

## Ladies' Blouses

Permit us to show you the newest styles and colors, also white

## The Ladies Specialty Shoppe

North Maysville Street

Phone 836

Mt. Sterling, Ky.

## PARIS PIKE CLOSED

From and after

Monday, September 27th

for 10 days the Paris pike will be closed from the top of the Moberley hill (along the land of T. J. Bigstaff) to the Grassy Lick pike and bridge. All traffic will have to detour via Grassy Lick pikes.

W. H. CANAN, Road Engineer  
Montgomery County